

Safe Harbor Statement





Cantargia – Investment highlights



NOVEL IL1RAP ANTIBODIES, POTENTIAL TO TREAT CANCER & INFLAMMATORY DISEASE

- IL1RAP elevated in most solid and liquid tumors
- IL1RAP signaling drives several autoimmune and inflammatory diseases



NADUNOLIMAB: CLEAR ACTIVITY SIGNALS IN CANCER THERAPY WITH UPCOMING CATALYSTS

- Strong clinical interim results in PDAC and NSCLC, and promising initial results in TNBC; >300 patients treated
- Randomized Phase 2 trial ongoing in TNBC (initial data H1 2025); Phase 2b trial in preparation in PDAC



CAN10: OPPORTUNITY IN AUTOIMMUNITY/INFLAMMATION

- Pronounced activity in models of systemic sclerosis, myocarditis, psoriasis, atherosclerosis and inflammation
- Phase 1 clinical trial ongoing, initial results show good safety, receptor occupancy and potent PD-effects.

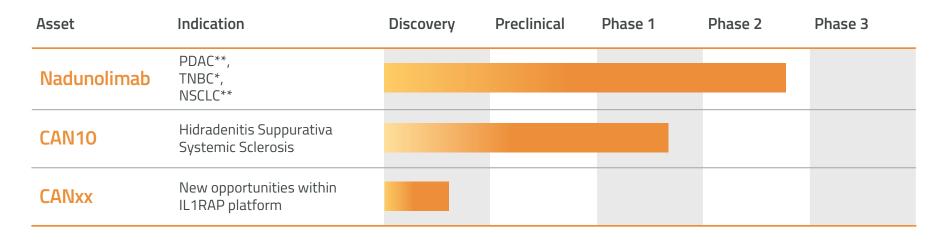


CORPORATE STRENGTH DRIVING INNOVATION

- Solid cash position with runway into 2025 (105MSEK (~10 MUSD) cash & equivalents at Q2 2024)
- Robust patent portfolio: IL1RAP antibody target in oncology (2032), nadunolimab (2035) and CAN10 (2041)



Current pipeline



PDAC – pancreatic cancer; TNBC – triple-negative breast cancer; NSCLC – non-small cell lung cancer
*) Recruitment in randomized phase 2 trial ongoing in TNBC

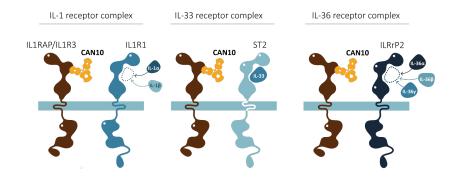
**) Recruitments finalized

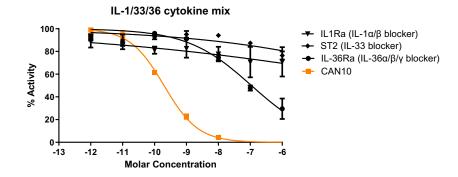




CAN10 developed to block IL-1 family with precision

- CAN10 prevents signaling from IL1 α/β , IL-33 and IL36 $\alpha/\beta/\gamma$
 - CAN10 binds IL1RAP with pM affinity and prevents IL1RAP interaction with the IL-1, IL-33 and IL-36 receptors
- CAN10 has shown robust efficacy in preclinical models of several diseases
 - Potent effects in several hard-to-treat models, blocks inflammation and fibrosis where IL-1α/β or IL-1β blockade only does not
- CAN10 is undergoing phase 1 development
 - No safety issues, including at doses where high level receptor occupancy have been reached
 - SAD portion includes IV administration in healthy volunteers
 - MAD performed with SC administration in psoriasis patients to enable proof-ofmechanism







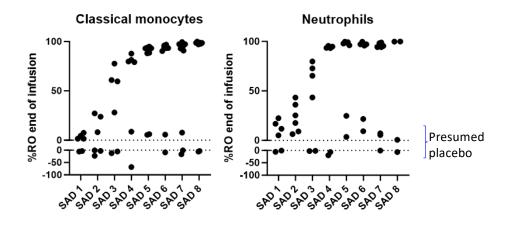
CAN10 first-in-human study - SAD part

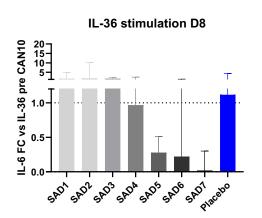
Design

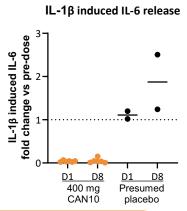
- Blinded, placebo-controlled study
- Nine dose groups from 1 to 400 mg CAN10 incl. 2 patients on placebo in each group

Results

- No safety signals
- Receptor occupancy documented (at Cmax)
- Potent PD effects on IL-1 & IL-36 at Cmax and day 8







AFTER SUCCESSFUL SAD, MULTIPLE DOSING INVESTIGATED IN PSORIASIS PARTICIPANTS



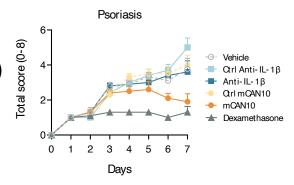
CAN10 First-in-Human study - MAD part

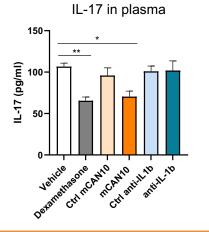
Design

- SC administration in subjects with mild to moderate plaque psoriasis (MAD)
- Two dose levels
- Six treated with CAN10, two with placebo, in each group
- Recruitment ongoing
- Psoriasis chosen as phase 1 indication to enable mechanistic studies, no plans to develop in phase 2

Planned PD analyses

- Receptor occupancy, Ex vivo inhibition assay
- Psoriasis severity scoring
- Skin biopsies





RESULTS FROM MAD PART DURING Q1 AND Q2 2025



Overview of Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)

HS – a severe chronic inflammatory skin disease

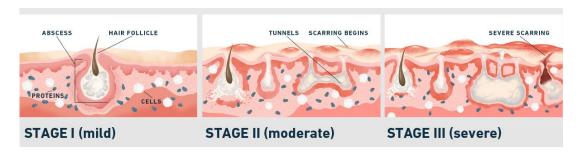
- HS is a diverse disease with several inflammatory components involved in the pathology
- Estimated HS prevalence of 0.7-1.2%

Inadequate current treatments

- Antibiotics
- Steroids
- Anti-TNFα (Humira), anti-IL-17 (Cosentyx)
 - ~50% respond to each in trials
- Huge medical need
 - Non-responders
 - Refractory patients



Hurley stage I (a), II (b) and III (c)1



Schematic overview of Hurley stage I-III in HS²



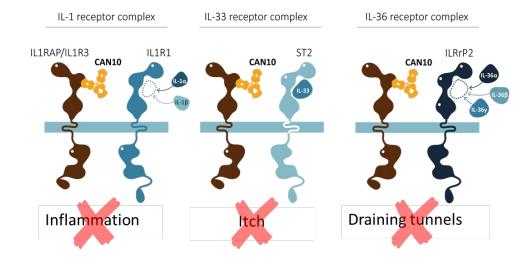
CAN10 for treatment of Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)

IL-36R-blockade (spesolimab) elicited positive results on overall disease severity¹

- Efficacy shown in Phase 2 randomized controlled study (NCT04762277) by changes in iHS4, HASI-R, and HiSCR50, with a particular effect on draining tunnels (dTs)
- Phase 2b/3 study ongoing

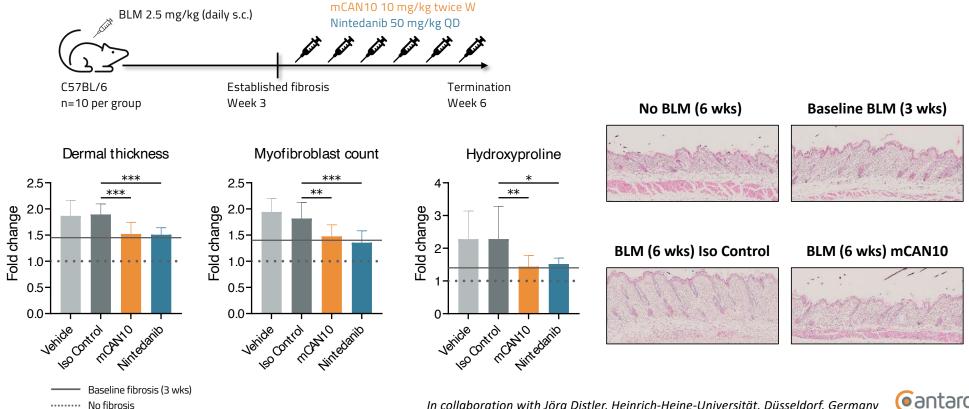
Combined IL-1 α and IL-1 β blockade (lutikizumab) generated high response rates in anti-TNF α refractory patients²

- Efficacy in phase 2 study on primary (HiSCR50) and secondary endpoints (NRS30, skin pain) as well as HiSCR75 at 16 weeks
- Phase 3 study ongoing



Systemic sclerosis – mCAN10 inhibits bleomycininduced skin fibrosis

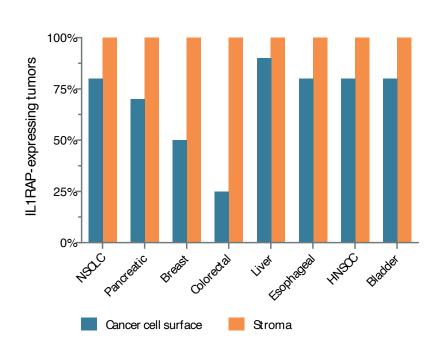
Bleomycin (BLM) model



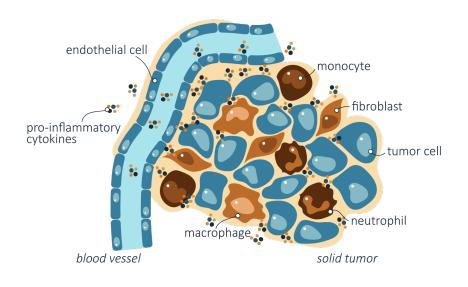


IL1RAP overexpressed in most solid tumors

IL1RAP EXPRESSION IN SOLID TUMOR TYPES



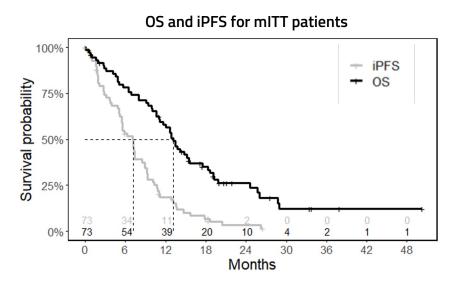
SEVERAL TUMOR-PROMOTING CELLS EXPRESSING IL1RAP IN THE TUMOR MICROENVIRONMENT

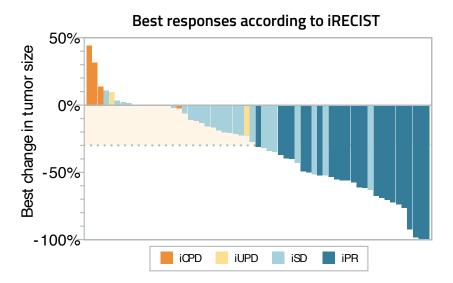


IL1RAP - DISTINCTLY OVEREXPRESSED IN TUMORS; LOW EXPRESSION IN NORMAL TISSUE



Pancreatic Cancer – Positive data in 1st line patients





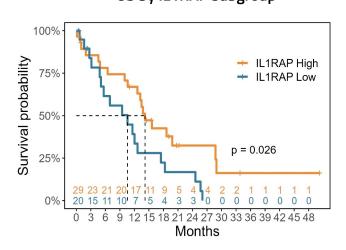
Nadunolimab combination with Gem/Abraxane in 1st line PDAC (n=73):

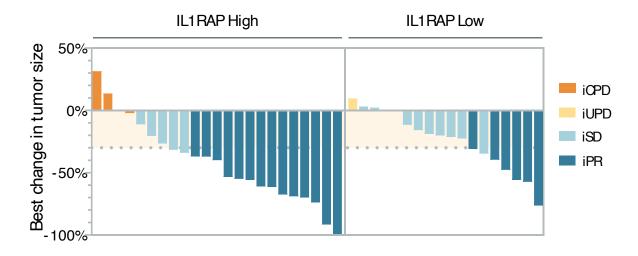
- → 33% response rate with long OS and iPFS
 - → Additional 5 (7%) patients had on-treatment benefit beyond progression
- > Promising OS (13.2 mo), iPFS (7.2 mo) and DCR (71%); 2 patients still on treatment

PFS AND OS LONGER THAN EXPECTED GIVEN HISTORICAL CONTROL IN PDAC

Pancreatic cancer – Efficacy (1st line with gem/abraxane)





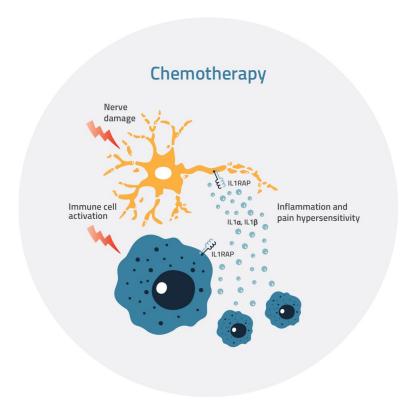


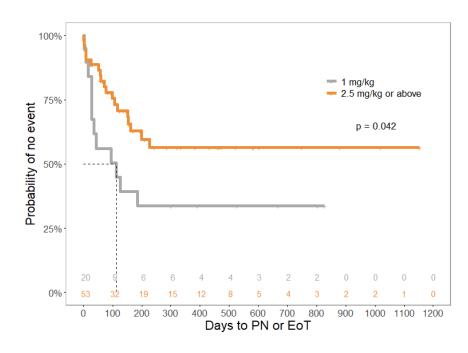
- → IL1RAP linked to specific KRAS mutations and worse prognosis
- → Significantly prolonged OS in ILRAP High vs IL1RAP Low patients (14.2 vs 10.6 mo; p=0.026)
- → Deeper and more durable responses in IL1RAP High subgroup: 11 patients had 50% or more tumor size decrease

IL1RAP HIGH PATIENTS SHOW THE STRONGEST BENEFIT



Nadunolimab and alleviation of neuropathy

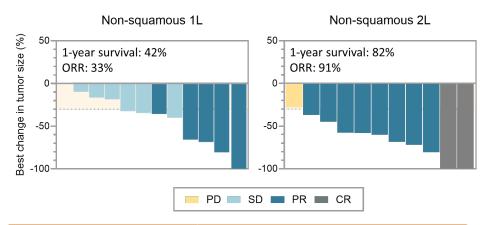




CORRELATION BETWEEN NADUNOLIMAB DOSE LEVEL AND DECREASE IN NEUROPATHY SIMILAR POSITIVE EFFECTS IN COMBINATION WITH OXALIPLATIN



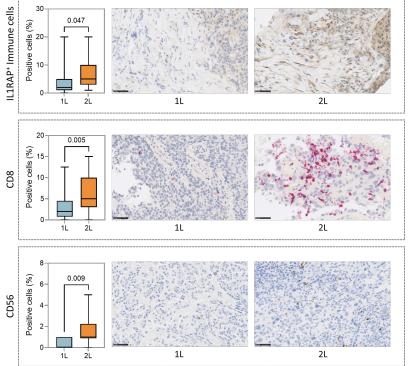
NSCLC – Strongest effects in patients no longer responding to PD1-inhibitors



| | Non-squamous | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Efficacy parameter (95% CI) | 1L (n=15) | 2L (n=11) |
| OS; median, months | 11.6 (5.8-22.0) | 26.7 (6.2-NE) |
| PFS; median, months | 6.3 (2.7-11.3) | 10.4 (5.3-22.2) |
| 1-year survival* | 42% (16-65) | 82% (45-95) |
| ORR | 33% (12-62) | 91% (59-100) |
| DoR; median, months | 9.9 (4.4-NE) | 9.1 (3.7-NE) |
| *The proportion of patients with 1-year survival is based on | Kaplan-Meier estimation | |

NF: not estimable

A GROUP WITH HIGH MEDICAL NEED





SUBGROUP ANALYSIS FROM 40 PATIENTS SHOW VERY STRONG DATA IN 2ND LINE NON-SQ NSCLC,



Upcoming milestones

Nadunolimab

PDAC

Phase 2b trial in 150-200 patients

TNBC

 Randomized Phase 2 top-line data in H1 2025

AML/MDS

 Start phase 1/2 Q4 2024 (DOD sponsored with MDA*)

MDAnderson Cancer Center

CAN10

- Phase 1 final data H1 2025
- Start phase 2 H2 2025

Additional milestones

 New preclinical and translational results

EXTENSIVE NEWS FLOW EXPECTED DURING 2024



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